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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
	10/050,647	01/16/2002	David M. Dean	AD6786USNA1	5992		
	23906 7	7590 08/01/2003					
	E I DU PONT	Γ DE NEMOURS AND	EXAMINER				
	LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128			PAK, SUNG H			
	4417 LANCASTER PIKE WILMINGTON, DE 19805			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				2874			
				DATE MAILED 00/01/0002			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•		Application N		Applicant(s)	
		10/050,647	_	DEAN ET AL.	
Office Action	Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Sung H. Pak		2874	
The MAILING DATE Period for Reply	of this c mmunication a	appears on the c ve	er sheet with the c	correspondence addre	ess
A SHORTENED STATUTE THE MAILING DATE OF  - Extensions of time may be available after SIX (6) MONTHS from the means of the period for reply specified abecause of the period for reply is specified as a Failure to reply within the set or expending the period for reply within the set or expending the period for reply mailure to reply within the set or expending the period for reply and the period for reply received by the Office later and patent term adjustment. Status	THIS COMMUNICATION Is under the provisions of 37 CFR ailing date of this communication. to is less than thirty (30) days, are the tended period for reply will, by state ter than three months after the ma	N. 1.136(a). In no event, how reply within the statutory mi od will apply and will expire tute, cause the application	vever, may a reply be tin inimum of thirty (30) day s SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comm D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.
1) Responsive to com	munication(s) filed on _	·			
2a) This action is FINA	L. 2b)⊠	This action is non-f	final.		
closed in accordan	on is in condition for allo				nerits is
Disp sition of Claims	nonding in the applicatio	n n			
4) Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are	im(s) is/are withd		ration		
5) Claim(s) is/ai	:	nawn nom conside	ration.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are r					
7) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are 1					
8) Claim(s) are		d/or election require	ement		
Application Papers		2, 0, 0,000.0			
9)☐ The specification is o	bjected to by the Exami	iner.			
10) The drawing(s) filed	on is/are: a)□ ac	cepted or b) object	ted to by the Exa	miner.	
Applicant may not re	quest that any objection to	the drawing(s) be he	eld in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)☐ The proposed drawir	ng correction filed on	is: a)⊡ approv	red b)□ disappro	oved by the Examiner.	
If approved, correcte	ed drawings are required in	reply to this Office a	ction.		
12) The oath or declarati	on is objected to by the	Examiner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 1	19 and 120				
13) Acknowledgment is	made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 3	55 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).	
a)□ All b)□ Some *	c) None of:			•	
1. Certified copi	es of the priority docume	ents have been rec	eived.		
_ ,	es of the priority docume				
applicatio	certified copies of the partified copies of the partificant for a late of the certificant for a	Bureau (PCT Rule	17.2(a)).		age
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is m	nade of a claim for dome	estic priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119(	e) (to a provisional a	pplication).
a) ☐ The translation 15)☐ Acknowledgment is r	of the foreign language nade of a claim for dome	•			
Attachment(s)					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (P<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Paten</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statem</li> </ol>	t Drawing Review (PTO-948)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s). Patent Application (PTO-	
S. Patent and Trademark Office					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Information Disclosure Statement

References submitted in the information disclosure statement have been considered by the examiner. Please refer to PTO-1449 enclosed herewith.

#### **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 2 and 5 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 13, respectively, of copending Application No. 10/050,281. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are obvious variations of each other. Although claim 1 of '281 application does not recite "a means for providing the magnetic field," such a means is necessary and obvious in utilizing the transparent paramagnetic polymer composition of '281 application.

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This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 3-4, 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement.

MPEP Section 2172.01 states:

A claim which omits matter disclosed to be essential to the invention as described in the specification or in other statements of record may be rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as not enabling. In re Mayhew, 527 F.2d 1229, 188 USPQ 356 (CCPA1976). See also MPEP § 2164.08(c). Such essential matter may include missing elements, steps or necessary structural cooperative relationships of elements described by the applicant(s) as necessary to practice the invention.

Claims 3-4, 6-7 recite optically responsive element of claim 1, comprising an optical switch, in which the optical switch further comprising: either "a solid article" or "optical fiber ... compris[ing] ... transparent, paramagnetic polymers". According to the specification of the instant application, the "solid article" and "optical fiber" ARE actually the optically responsive element recited in claim 1. Therefore, as written, claims 3-4 and 6-7 omit essential relationships of elements in that the claim fails to recite that the "solid article" and "optical fiber" are optically responsive element of claim 1.

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The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 3-4, 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

MPEP Section 2172.01 further states:

In addition, a claim which fails to interrelate essential elements of the invention as defined by applicant(s) in the specification may be rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, for failure to point out and distinctly claim the invention. See In re Venezia, 530 F.2d 956, 189 USPQ 149 (CCPA 1976); In re Collier, 397 F.2d 1003, 158 USPQ 266 (CCPA 1968).

Claims 3-4, 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01.

Claims 3-4, 6-7 recite optically responsive element of claim 1, comprising an optical switch, in which the optical switch further comprising: either "a solid article" or "optical fiber ... compris[ing] ... transparent, paramagnetic polymers". According to the specification of the instant application, the "solid article" and "optical fiber" ARE actually the optically responsive element recited in claim 1. Therefore, as written, claims 3-4 and 6-7 omit essential relationships of elements in that the claim fails to recite that the "solid article" and "optical fiber" are optically responsive element of claim 1.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yoshioka et al ("Complexation of Gadolinium Ion with Poly(methacrylic acid) and Magnetic properties of the Complexes").

Yoshioka et al was cited in the information disclosure statement.

Yoshioka et al discloses an optical material with all the limitations set forth in the claims, including: transparent paramagnetic element that is responsive to a magnetic field, the transparent paramagnetic element comprising transparent, paramagnetic polymer complexed with a sufficient amount of one or more rare earth ions (Gadolinium), the polymer composition having magnetic susceptibility of greater than  $1.0 \times 10^{-1}$  emu/ mol at 298°K (pg. 135-137).

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3-4, 6-7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, and rejected under 35 USC 112 for omitting essential structural relationships, but these claims would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection, and in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: As shown in Espindola et al (US 6,102,582) cited in the information disclosure statement, an optical fiber switch having magnetically actuating element is known and taught in the prior art. Such an optical switch utilizes ferromagnetic, or in some cases paramagnetic elements, ATTACHED to the optical fibers and magnetic field is generated by the actuators to move the optical fiber switching elements.

However, none of the prior art fairly teaches or suggests such an optical fiber switching device wherein the optically transmissive element (either a solid optical element or the optical fiber itself) is composed of paramagnetic polymer material.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Kambe et al (US 2003/0031438 A1) and Gnehm (US 5,095,513) disclose waveguide devices composed of paramagnetic polymers. However, the paramagnetic properties of these polymers are used for altering optical transmission characteristics of the waveguide, and they do not disclose any optical switching applications.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sung H. Pak whose telephone number is (703) 308-4880. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday : 6:30am-5:00pm.

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The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7724 for regular communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

for

Sung H. Pak Examiner Art Unit 2874

sp July 16, 2003

> HEMANG SANGHAVI PRIMARY EXAMINER